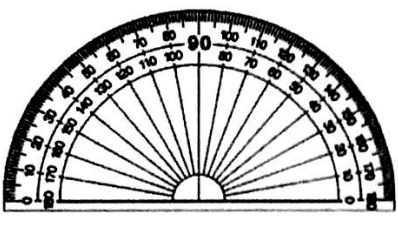
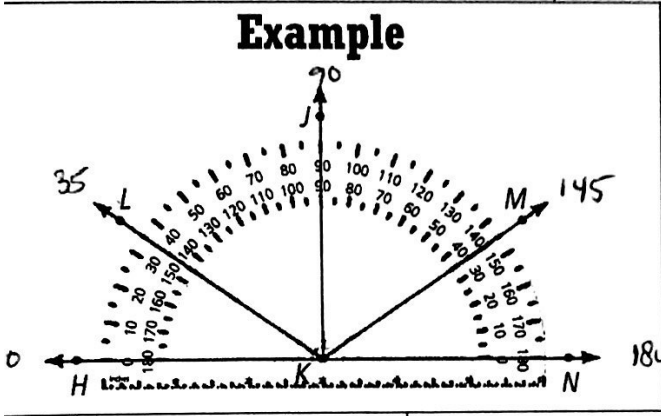


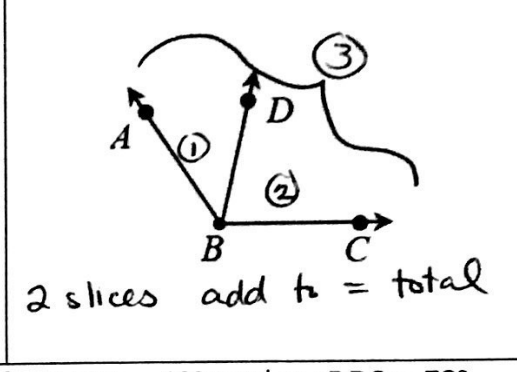
Main Ideas/Questions	Notes	1.4 B Measuring Angles
<h2>Measuring Angles</h2> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>One way to measure the size of an angle is in <u>degrees</u>.</li> <li>A <u>circle</u> has <u>360</u>. So 1 degree is <math>\frac{1}{360}</math> of the circle.</li> <li>A <u>protractor</u> forms a half circle and measures angles from <math>0^\circ - 180^\circ</math></li> </ul>	



- a) Find  $m\angle LKN$   $180 - 35 = 145^\circ$
- b) Find  $m\angle JKL$   $90 - 35 = 55^\circ$
- c) Find  $m\angle JKN$   $90^\circ$
- d) Find  $m\angle HKN$   $180^\circ$

## ANGLE ADDITION Postulate

If D is in the interior of  $\angle ABC$ , then

$$m\angle ABD + m\angle DBC = m\angle ABC$$


## Examples

Use the diagram below to answer questions 1 and 2

- If  $m\angle ABD = 48^\circ$  and  $m\angle DBC = 78^\circ$ , find  $m\angle ABC$ .  
 $48 + 78 = 126^\circ$
- If  $m\angle DBC = 74^\circ$  and  $m\angle ABC = 119^\circ$ , find  $m\angle ABD$ .  
 $119 - 74 = 45^\circ$

3. If  $m\angle PQR = 141^\circ$ , find each measure.

$$13x + 4 + 10x - 1 = 141$$

$$23x + 3 = 141$$

$$\underline{-3 \quad -3}$$

$$23x = 138$$

$$\underline{23 \quad 23}$$

$$x = 6$$

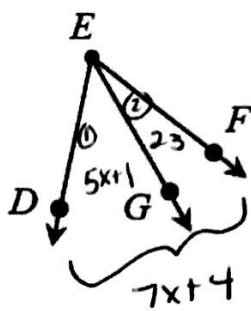
$$\angle PQS = 13(6) + 4$$

$$= 82$$

$$\angle SQR = 10(6) - 1$$

$$= 59$$

4. If  $m\angle DEF = (7x + 4)^\circ$ ,  $m\angle DEG = (5x + 1)^\circ$ , and  $m\angle GEF = 23^\circ$ , find each measure.



$$5x + 1 + 23 = 7x + 4$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5x + 24 = 7x + 4 \\ -4 \quad \quad -4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5x + 20 = 7x \\ -5x \quad \quad -5x \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{20}{2} = \frac{2x}{2}$$

$$10 = x$$

$$x = 10$$

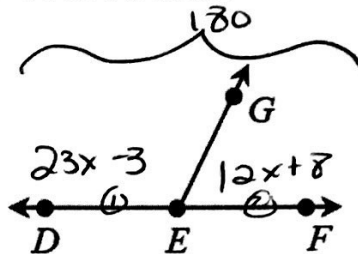
$$m\angle DEG = 51$$

$$m\angle DEF = 74$$

$$\angle DEG = 5(10) + 1 = 51$$

$$\angle DEF = 7(10) + 4 = 74$$

5. If  $\angle DEF$  is a straight angle,  $m\angle DEG = (23x - 3)^\circ$ , and  $m\angle GEF = (12x + 8)^\circ$ , find each measure.



$$x = 5$$

$$m\angle DEG = 112^\circ$$

$$m\angle GEF = 68^\circ$$

$$m\angle DEF = 180^\circ$$

$$23x - 3 + 12x + 8 = 180$$

$$35x + 5 = 180$$

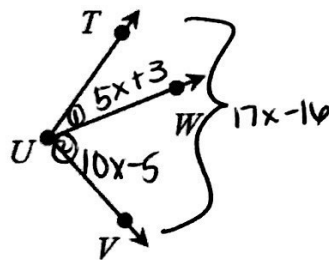
$$\begin{array}{r} 35x + 5 = 180 \\ -5 \quad -5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{35x}{35} = \frac{175}{35} \quad x = 5$$

$$\angle DEG = 23(5) - 3$$

$$\angle GEF = 12(5) + 8$$

6. If  $m\angle TUW = (5x + 3)^\circ$ ,  $m\angle WUV = (10x - 5)^\circ$ , and  $m\angle TUV = (17x - 16)^\circ$ , find each measure.



$$x = 7$$

$$m\angle TUW = 38^\circ$$

$$m\angle WUV = 65^\circ$$

$$m\angle TUV = 103^\circ$$

$$5x + 3 + 10x - 5 = 17x - 16$$

$$15x - 2 = 17x - 16$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 15x - 2 = 17x - 16 \\ -15x \quad -15x \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -2 = 2x - 16 \\ +16 \quad \quad +16 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{14}{2} = \frac{2x}{2}$$

$$x = 7$$

$$\angle TUW = 5(7) + 3$$

$$\angle WUV = 10(7) - 5$$

$$\angle TUV = 17(7) - 16$$